**Материалы для самоподготовки по английскому языку**

**Учебник: Английский язык для медицинских училищ и колледжей. «Дашков и Ко», 2007. Авторы – Л.Г. Баранова, Т.В. Шадская.**

1. Анатомические термины. Организация человеческого тела. Внутренние органы (брюшная полость, грудная клетка, таз).
2. В терапевтическом отделении. Общий уход за больными.
3. В инфекционном отделении. (diphtheria, hepatitis, German measles (rubella), mumps, whooping cough, chickenpox (varicella), poliomyelitis, typhoid, tonsillitis, tetanus).
4. Фармация.
5. Стоматология (основные термины, поход к стоматологу).

**Вопросы:**

1. What abdominal organs do you know?
2. What organs does the chest contain? (organs of respiration and heart)
3. What separates chest from abdomen? (diaphragm)
4. How can we stop bleeding?
5. Do you know how to give the first aid?
6. What are the symptoms of diphtheria/ hepatitis/ mumps?
7. What is pharmacy?
8. What is physics (chemistry, botany)?
9. What is pharmacology?
10. What is pharmacopoeia?
11. Is water an important constituent of the earth’s atmosphere?
12. Does absolutely pure water occur in nature?
13. What is a tablet?
14. Why is it necessary to add auxiliary substances for some drugs?
15. Why are glidants added to the tablets?
16. What are the principal parts of a plant?
17. What are the main functions of the roots?
18. What are the main functions of the stem?
19. Where are the seeds produced?
20. How must all parts of a plant be developed?
21. What is said to be a solution?
22. What solution is it possible to have?
23. What solutions do we recognize?
24. How is a true solution formed?
25. How is a colloidal solution formed?
26. When did you go to the dentist last time?
27. Have you ever had your teeth filled?
28. When do the first teeth start to erupt?
29. When was Hippocrates born?
30. How did he practise the art of medicine?
31. How did Hippocrates drive out the plague from Athens?
32. Was Hippocrates an excellent doctor and a teacher?
33. How did Hippocrates teach his pupils to examine the patients?
34. How did Hippocrates treat diseases?
35. What words were added to the medical language by Hippocrates?
36. Why is Hippocrates referred to as the “Father of Medicine”?